



THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 21

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, Feb. 3rd 1938

No.

Garnet Wheat Mixing Rapped

Lloydminster (Special) — A resolution in which it was recommended the mixing of Garnet wheat with any grade above No. 5 be declared illegal, was brought before the annual meeting of the Lloydminster Board of Trade recently.

The resolution declared that "Garnet wheat is not de facto a hard northern wheat, and its mixture with the true northland varieties has led to the loss of huge sums of money, besides causing the value of No. 3 North as the raw material of a great industry here and abroad to be seriously impaired." It was decided to hold the resolution over until next meeting, when efforts will be made to have a large farmer turnout.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry entertained at two tables of dominoes last Friday evening. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Wilson, and Mr. Rideout. Lunch was served at midnight, and all had an enjoyable time. Mrs. Berry won the honors of the evening.

BOARD OF CHINOOK CONS. SCHOOL HELD MEETING

The board of Chinook Consolidated S. D. met in the school on Friday January 28th.

Six tenders for the position of caretaker were considered by the board. The result of the voting was that Mr. and Mrs. Isbister were re-engaged at a salary of \$35.00 a month.

Thus, Gilbertson was appointed as assessor, salary \$25.00 to be applied on taxes.

A motion by Mr. McDonald fixing the amount to be paid for expenses at \$8.00 instead of \$10.00 was lost.

The rate of taxation for the year the year was set at 33 mills the same as last year, and the usual discount of 5 per cent on all current taxes paid before July 1st was provided for.

Lorne Proudfoot
Secretary

The Ladies' Card Club

The Ladies Card Club met at the home of Mrs. Conley last week. Honors were shared by Mrs. Youell and Mrs. Peyton. The ladies will meet next week at the home of Mrs. Morrell.

Curling Notes

Wednesday of last week saw J. Gingles' rink remain unbeaten when it came through with a hard fought 9-7 victory over J. Peyton. The second feature between W.S. Lee and W. Gallagher was a high scoring affair with the former winning 15-11.

No games were played on Thursday owing to the blizzard.

On Saturday the two undefeated rinks of F. Morrell and J. Gingles clashed in the feature match. The former's rink kept its record intact when it rallied to win 7-6.

On Monday G. Aiken nosed F. Morrell 10-9 and thus handed the latter his first setback of the draw. In the next game Len Cooley defeated W. Todd's rink 11-8.

Tuesday night saw Len Youell take possession of the local cup by winning a close 10-9 contest with W. Gallagher.

Local News

Mr. R. Marr, who attended the U. F. A. convention in Edmonton returned on Friday.

Mr. J. Peyton returned from Calgary on Wednesday, where he attended the Ford Motor class.

Messrs O. D. Harrington and R. Robinson, who attended the U. F. A. Convention in Edmonton, returned on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Todd left for Calgary on Tuesday. Mr. Todd will visit with his brother-in-law who is one of the visiting Scotch curlers.

Mr. N. Nystrom left for Cereau where he will relieve the Section foreman who is ill.

Mr. Earl Robinson is taking Mr. Nystrom's place during his absence.

Miss Alice Gilbertson accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Langley to Youngstown where she will work for them for a few weeks.

Trusted Neighbors To Spread the News

Coronation (Special) — Local relief recipients depend on their neighbors to check up on the amount of relief they receive it was disclosed recently at the local municipal office.

In the early fall a farmer filled out a relief order stating that he had four dependant children. During December one of these children married, and another secured a position away from home. The farmer, however, went on securing relief for himself and four children.

The attention of the council, in whose hands administration of the relief lay, was drawn to this fact by a district resident. Recently the recipient entered the office to get his relief order and was asked if it was correct that he now had only two dependent children instead of four. He replied in the affirmative.

"Why did you not notify us of this fact?" asked the secretary.

"Well," replied the erring recipient, "I knew that if I didn't, my neighbors soon would."

Chinook Loses

Another Family

Mr. and Mrs. Langley and Sydney left for their new home in Youngstown on Monday. We are very sorry to see another friend and neighbor leave our midst. Mr. Langley was Secretary of the Municipality for several years and while he dutifully carried on his work he tried at the same time to be everybody's friend. Whenever possible he always tried to help along the social life of the community. While we did not see much of Mrs. Langley on account of poor health, she always had a very pleasant smile for us when we did meet and warmly welcomed those who came to her home. Sydney will be very much missed by school mates, table tennis fans and curlers.

Wish them health, happiness, and prosperity in their new home.

GROCERIES

Ground Coffee	per lb.	.25c
Beans	per lb	.25c
Brunswick Sardines	4 for	.25c
Aylmer Pork & Beans	2 for	.25c
2 1-2 lb. pkg. Washing Soda		.15c
Green Cough Syrup		.35c
Castoria		.40c
Thread	2 spools for	.15c

HARDWARE

Lantern and Lamp Glasses. Harness Supplies. Gasoline, Oils & Greases etc.

BANNER HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

What is Life Insurance?

Answer.—It is Canada's greatest co-operative business.

Question.—Why?

Answer.—Because 3,500,000 Canadians are policyholders.

Q.—What is the total number of policies in force in Canada?

A.—Nearly 6,500,000.

Q.—Who are the policyholders?

A.—Hard-working, thrifty men and women who put aside their regular savings, their premium payments, from year to year, to protect those dependent upon them and to provide for their own old age.

Q.—How many policyholders are there in Alberta?

A.—Over 100,000 — a policyholder in every other family.

Q.—And the total number of policies?

A.—Over 224,000.

Q.—What benefits do policyholders in Alberta receive from their Life Insurance?

A.—They have the protection of insurance amounting to more than \$313,000,000—and, in one year alone (1936), policyholders and beneficiaries in Alberta received from Life Insurance savings over \$8,600,000 in cash.

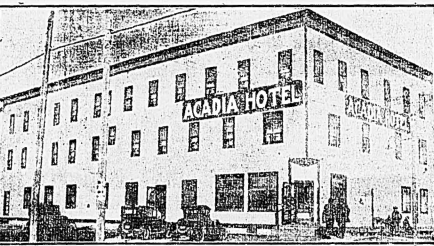
This is the first of a series of messages sponsored by Life Insurance Companies operating in Canada. The second, to appear in two weeks' time, will discuss Life Insurance premiums.

Life Insurance



Guardian of Canadian Homes

LA-18



CHINOOK HOTEL

Come to another BIG DANCE on Friday, Feb 4th,
Admission Adults 25cts. Children Free,
Lunch Will Be Served

Conservation In Agriculture

With the powers of Old Sol waxing stronger day by day thoughts are turning towards the advent of another spring when tillers of the soil, operating on large or small scale, will again commit the seeds of cereals, vegetables and grasses to the care of Mother Earth in the hope that a beneficent Providence will aid individual effort to produce bountifully in the harvest season.

The wise farmer and gardener, whether he be located in what has become known as the drought area of the prairie provinces or in sections where Nature has been more kindly in recent years, will already have spent many anxious hours in planning out his work for the approaching season, deciding what he will plant, where he will plant, how much he will plant, what cultivation policies he will pursue and what methods he will adopt to make the most of soil and available moisture.

Even with the most careful planning he recognizes that defeat may await him in the hot summer months as a result of conditions over which he has comparatively little control or none at all, but he should also recognize that intelligent and well-planned efforts may at least do something to mitigate disaster to some extent, if disaster is impending.

Consider New Methods

In those areas which have in recent years been subjected to the blighting influences of soil drifting or which have experienced short crops or none at all because of lack of moisture, or both, much thought has, no doubt, already been devoted by the majority of farmers and gardeners to such insurance, or partial insurance, methods as strip farming, regrassing of lands, rotation of crops, the planting of trees and hedges for windbreaks and as moisture retainers and the use of comparatively new types of implements designed to catch and hold moisture. Methods under advisement will also include construction of small dams and minor irrigation projects where the presence of flowing water and the contour of the land make such schemes a feasibility.

No one of these methods can be labeled as "sure fire" insurance policy for any and every district or even for any individual farm. Local conditions and contingencies have to be considered before the best system can be determined and this means that each farmer must be his own arbiter, though it must be conceded that, in some cases at least, a conservation measure suitable to an individual farm may also be of value to a large tract district in which it is located.

Value Of Shelter Belts

Doubtless much thought has been given by many agriculturists to the question of the value of shelter belts formed by trees or hedges, or both, as an aid to both soil and moisture conservation, not only for the home garden but also for the grain field and particularly in the wind-swept reaches of the open prairies. That more and more, farmers are being impressed with the value of trees and hedges as a conservation agency is demonstrated by substantial increases in attendance at the lecture car of the Canadian Forestry Association on its annual trips through the western provinces and an annual increase in the number of inquiries received by officials of the Association and officials of the Western Canadian forestry stations. The increased interest has been especially marked during the depression era.

While the extent to which trees and shrubs can be depended upon as an aid to agriculture and horticulture in this country in years of drought is always a controversial topic, nevertheless, the Canadian Forestry Association has an impressive array of evidence in the January issue of *Forest and Outdoors*, its official organ, in support of its contention that every farmer in the southern areas of the prairie provinces can ensure a supply of food for his family by planting and maintaining shelter belts. The evidence is presented in the form of the printed word of authorities and practical amateurs, supported by illustrations showing well tended gardens and good garden crops on isolated farms in the dry districts in years of drought, all of them protected by shelter belts.

Regarded As Striking Proof

Alan Beaven, in charge of the lecture car, writing of the 1937 itinerary in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, is quoted as saying: "Every district we visited furnished striking proof of the possibility of the southern farmer becoming self-sustaining, as far as home food supplies are concerned."

"Had the farm garden been a universal policy, instead of being completely overlooked, or at best, in most cases, a haphazard venture, countless millions in food costs, during the past nine years, could have been avoided. Every farmer can grow his own needs anywhere throughout the south country, and no objective short of this is good enough, and nothing but sound educational progress can achieve it." And again:

"For eight years in Saskatchewan, crops followed the boundary lines of the native trees. Wherever trees grew wild, hindens were busy in the fall, and this extended down though the park belt on the plains to almost the international boundary. With a knowledge of the fact that rainfalls in the west do not increase as you go north (southern Saskatchewan from 1900 to 1930 enjoyed an equal rainfall with the northern part of the Province) and with the experience to-day that when we clear large areas of the north, making them physically open plains like the south, we get the southern climatic condition of high winds, rapid evaporation, and soil drift, it has been thoroughly proved that retention of natural forest and the establishing of tree belts are two of the primary needs of prairie farming."

In the light of the testimony presented by Mr. Beaven and a number of farmers in *Forest and Outdoors*, farmers cannot afford not to at least consider the advisability of planting shelter belts for the home garden, if not the entire farm.

FLIN FLON

"The Story of Its Finding and Position To-day"

By PRATT KUHN

Those engaging in various sports such as golf, tennis, curling, skating, etc., are required to join these separate organizations for which a fee sufficient to cover approximate operating cost is charged. A non-member of the Community Club is required to pay a regular garage or admittance fee at a higher rate than a member.

All sorts of things happen at the Community Club, all sorts of activities and everybody around seems happy and neighborly.

The Apprentice System

Before going further in social activities let me say that the apprentice system as worked out here at Flin Flon fascinated me.

It is mostly limited to sons and brothers of present employees who are taken in any department they wish for a four-year period, and at the end of that time, as well as being fairly paid and having two weeks vacation a year a bonus of \$100.00 is paid to those who have applied themselves to learning.

The age limit at commencement is 16 to 18 years in all departments except the smelter where it is 17 to 18.

I studied the various employments that would receive apprentices in the Flin Flon school. Here they are:

Mill-concentrator
Zinc plant
Smelter
Electrical
Carpenter
Blacksmith
Steam Fitter and Plumber
Machinist
Boiler Maker
Electric Welding
Tin and Copper Smith

—and remember when these boys graduate in four years they naturally stand the best chance of any regular job at the smelter.

Two had this wonderful system could not be more widely practiced. Here it absorbs about 27 boys a year so that at any time there will be 50 to 60 studying. I wish I had had that chance as a boy myself. My employers didn't want me to learn any more than so much when I was working manually.

There's a regular course of reading, lectures, examination, practical work, and a good boy can support himself and leave, if he desires, with a trade learned. That's practical Christianity even though the background thought may be case of mind to the employee father whose growing son worries him because of lack of employment.

I'd like to get a boy of mine into the Flin Flon under such terms, but they all grew up on me before such an opportunity offered.

Just Where Is Flin Flon?

We have talked glibly of Winnipeg, The Pas, Flin Flon, etc., but to a great many of our readers this is so much Greek.

Well, here's a little map I drew to give you, details and distances, also to show location of the power plant on the Churchill river and the new work being done this summer up at Reindeer Lake to conserve water flowing down the Churchill to the turbines at Island Falls.

The Fire Hazard

Loss By Fire Contributes To The Heavy Cost Of Living

There is urgent need for more education with regard to fire hazards. Only a small percentage of the population appears to have given this subject adequate thought or to have acquainted themselves with the ever-present danger of any careless action in regard to fire, notwithstanding the fact that loss by fire is one of the heaviest contributors to the cost of living.

If it could be brought home to all individuals that any carelessness on their part in the disposal of burning matches, or smoking material might cause a loss in which they would bear the burden directly, there might be more inclination to regard fire hazards seriously. As it is, however, we find the majority of people giving no thought at all to this subject, and as a result we continue to incur vast losses every year.—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Can Carry Typhoid

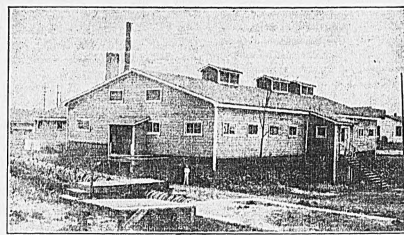
Seagulls can be typhoid carriers, medical experts and zoologists agreed with Dr. J. F. Beale, port of London, Eng., water adviser. The warning was given by Dr. Beale at a ministry of health inquiry at Folkestone in regard to the Croydon, Surrey, typhoid epidemic.

The largest egg-importing country in the world is Great Britain, which consumes 151 eggs per capita every year.

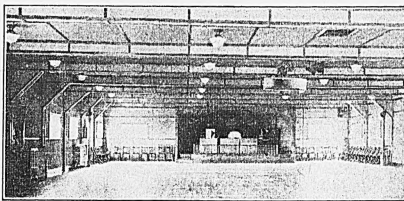
German youth hostels entertained 52,800 Britons in 1936.

PATENTS

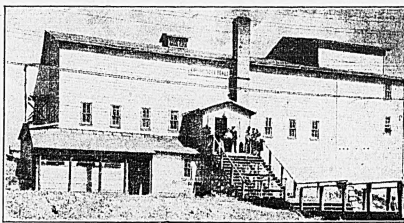
AN OFFER TO EVERY INVENTOR. List of inventions and full information sent free. THE RAMSAY COMPANY, Registered Patent Attorneys, 273 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada.



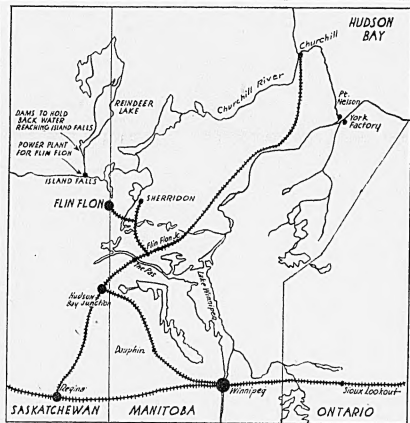
Jubilee Hall from the outside. Dances every night (almost) keep the town folk happy.



Not a finer dance floor anywhere than in Jubilee Hall, Flin Flon. Good orchestra, using loud speakers at ceiling so everyone keeps in time.



Community Club Hall a hive of activity at all times. Every convenience for Flin Flon folks.



This map is not exactly correct in that many lakes and rivers are left out, but it does give you accurately the location of all points mentioned in this story. The railroad ends at Flin Flon, Sheridon and Churchill as shown.

Famous Airman

War-Time Aviator Has Right Eye Removed By Operation

W. R. "Wop" May, noted Canadian flier, was back at his job with Canadian Airways after recovering from an operation which removed his right eye. The war-time aviator suffered infection in the eye and had it removed.

May, superintendent of Canadian Airways, Mackenzie division, suffered injury to the eye about 10 years ago when a silver of steel pierced it. Lately infection set in and threatened with loss of his sight, May decided to have the eye removed.

Always officials said it would not affect his work. They explained May has not been really active as a pilot since becoming superintendent of the Mackenzie division two years ago and the operation will in no way hinder him in his present position.

Hero of numerous mercy flights over northern barrens, May is one of the best known Canadian aviators. For his contribution to Canadian aviation, May was honored by King George V, who bestowed upon him the Order of the British Empire.

Ten women in the United States have aeronautics branch licenses which authorize them to repack and repair parachutes.

The real name of Lewis Carroll, author of "Alice in Wonderland," is Charles L. Dodgson.

Skin of the East Indian sheep is being used as leather bellows in gas meters in England.

No Choosing Allowed

Quintuplets Have To Eat Food They Are Given

Vegetables and fresh fruit are the backbone of the careful diet which is building the three-and-a-half-year-old quintuplets into strong, healthy youngsters.

Meat is still limited almost entirely to liver and bacon.

And the variety of the diet shows that the quints are not being brought up on the pick-and-choose plan. They eat everything from spinach to angel cake—and like it.

Need Air Pilots

R. Baker, Toronto, in urging the development of Canadian defences along "practical" lines while addressing the Military Institute of Military District Number One, said that in his opinion Canada should keep 10,000 highly trained pilots in the commercial or militia field. The speaker is managing director of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind.

"MAKE TRACKS FOR OGDENS!"



Hit the trail right now to more enjoyment from the cigarettes you roll your self! Slip into any tobacco store and get yourself a package of Ogdens' Fine Cut. Then—roll a cigarette with this fragrant, mellow tobacco, touch a light to it and—man! You're there! You've found the Fine Cut that does roll 'em smoother, sweeter, better. And don't forget—Ogdens' rolls best with "Chanticleer" or "Vogue" papers.



Water Conservation

Prairie Drought In Saskatchewan To Be Kept

Prairie drought which is found possible to conserve the water run-off in summer and winter, Hon. George Spence, minister of public works for Saskatchewan, said in an address to the Canadian Club at Toronto. "We must conserve every drop of rain and snow water wherever it is feasible," he said. "The most important irrigation projects in southern Saskatchewan are not large-scale undertakings. On the other hand there are thousands of small projects scattered here, there and everywhere."

"There are literally thousands of sites listed with the water rights branch which, when constructed and utilized by the individual farm-owners, will change the face of the landscape."

Maize unfit for human consumption is being used as fuel for locomotives in Kenya Colony.

2 Steps in Fighting Discomfort of COLDS



No family need neglect even minor head colds.

There is what to do: Take two "Aspirin" tablets when you feel a cold coming on—with a full glass of water. Then repeat, if necessary, according to directions in each package. Relief comes rapidly.

The "Aspirin" method of relief is the way many doctors now approve. You take "Aspirin" for relief—If you are not improved promptly, you call the family doctor.

"Aspirin" tablets are made in Canada. "Aspirin" is the registered trademark of the Bayer Company, Limited, of Windsor, Ontario. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every tablet.

Demand and Get "ASPIRIN"



Make Every Day Your Lucky Day—Bake With

PURITY FLOUR
Best for all your Baking

FIG 37

Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time, if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED
HAMILTON ONT.

Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg

VILLAGE OF CHINOOK

Auditor's Financial Statement

For the Year Ending Dec. 31 1937

RECEIPTS

BALANCE DECEMBER, 31st 1936	
Municipal Acct, in Bank	\$663.28
Cash on hand	20.60
Savings acct.	1016.74
Cemetery acct.	40.15
Totals-In Bank-Cash On Hand	1720.17 20.60 \$1740.77
Receipts on account Municipal Taxation	
Municipal Taxes and Costs	797.95 797.95
	797.95
Municipal Revenue Other than Taxes	
Licenses	86.50
Interest on Savings acct.	22.50
Tax Sale Surplus Com. (Specify)	1.89
Business	68.06
Freight Repaid	40.00
Repaid acct. Loan	20.00
	\$240.67
SUNDRY	
Overpaid Taxes	1.32
Refunds Recd.	36.40
	37.72
	37.72
TRUST MONEYS RECEIVED	
Social Service	21.75
Outstanding Cheques Or Overdraft, December 31, 1937	21.75
Municipal	83.17
	83.17

PAYMENTS

Outstanding Cheques Or Overdrafts, December 31, 1936	
Municipal 51.00 School 13.76	\$64.76
ADMINISTRATION	
Salaries—Sec. Treas.	200.00
Assessor 25 Audit Fees 10	35.00
Bond Premium	5.25
Printing, Postage and Stationary	67.45
Land Titles Office Fees	3.20
Election Expenses	4.00
Telephone 470 Exchange .40	5.10
Sundry Expenses (specify)	1.63
	\$21.63
PROTECTION OF PERSON & PROPERTY	
Fire Protection	41.49
Pound Expenses Destroying dogs	2.00
	43.49
GRANTS, AID & RELIEF, HEALTH	
Old Age Pension	164.50
Hospital-Bills	261.50
Unemployment Relief	191.60
Grants (specify)	
Donation School Fair	10.00
Freight on Apples	40.00
	670.00
PUBLIC WORKS	
Streets 163.13 Sidewalks	38.9
Street Lighting	151.55
Wells 15.50 Cemetery 23.40	38.90
Workman's Compensation Board	8.77
	400.56
SUNDRY	
Refund of Overpaid Taxes	1.32
Coronation Medals	10.00
	11.32
TRUST MONEYS REMITTED	
Social Service	75.81
	75.81
Balances December 31, 1937 In Bank	
Municipal Account	278.75
Savings Acct.	1039.26
Cemetery Acct.	16.75
	1334.76
TOTAL	\$2922.35

ASSETS

Balances December 31, 1937 (Municipal only)	
Bank Balance December 31, 1937	278.75
Cash on Hand Dec. 31, Cemetery	16.75
Savings Certificates	1039.26
	1334.76
FIXED ASSETS	
Property Owned by Village-Land	50.00
Buildings	200.00
Fire and Office B.	450.00
	700.00
SUNDRY ASSETS (Municipal)	
Uncollected Licenses	308.18
	308.18
UNCOLLECTED TRUST TAXES	
Social Service Taxes	1182.05
School Arrears	8913.81
	10095.86
TOTAL	\$2858.53

LIABILITIES

OUTSTANDING CHEQUES (Municipal only)	
Bank Overdraft, December 31, 1937	83.17
	83.17
Old Age Pension	177.00
Uncollected Trust and Collections Not Remitted	
Social Service Taxes	1182.05
School Arrears	8913.81
Uncollected Trust Taxes on Lands (not inc. above)	10095.86
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$10356.03
Reserve for Non-Collection of Taxes	18225.50
TOTAL	\$28581.53

TAX STATEMENT

	Municipal	Social Service	School Arrears
Assessed Value for each Tax [net] Dollars only	7185.100	7185.100	
Rate of Taxation [mills on the dollar]	10	8 1/2	
Current Taxes Levied [except School]	718.57	78.05	
Uncollected Dec. 31, 1936 inc. Costs for arrears reported	15081.45	1642.31	8661.56
Penalties and Costs added in 1937	1273.45	83.44	341.87
TOTAL DUE	\$17023.38	1203.80	9003.43
Collections in 1937, including Costs	886.01	21.75	
Cancellations Authorized in 1937			89.62
Discounts on Taxes in 1937	14.64		
UNCOLLECTED TAXES DEC. 31, 1937	16142.73	1182.05	8013.81
Paid in 1937 to Prov. Gov't, School and Hospital Board	21.75		

PARTICULARS OF ASSESSMENT

Assessed Valuation—Land only	\$11253.75
Buildings and Imp. at	50198.25
Business Assessment	8561.75
TOTAL	74013.75
Less Statutory Exemptions	7484.71
Net Assessment	\$71525.60
Total Number of Lots or Parcels in Village	246
Fire Insurance Carried	\$1000.00

STANDING OF LANDS BY VILLAGE

At Dec. 31, 1936 Number of Parcels	61
Assessed Value [Dollars only]	3675
Municipal and Costs	10836.87
Provincial	920.44
School	674.31
TOTAL TAXES	\$18431.62

Verification of cash on hand as per cash Statement at Dec. 31, 1937
Cash received between Dec 31, and date of this audit 400
Deduct cash deposit in Bank at date of this audit TOTAL \$4.00

AUDITORS CERTIFICATES

I have audited the accounts of the Village of Chinook for the year ending December 31, 1937, and have compared the said accounts with their relative vouchers and certify that in my opinion the foregoing financial statements are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial affairs of the Village, according to the best of my information, the explanations given to me, and as shown by the records, subject to any qualifications mentioned in Auditor's Special Report herewith.

This statistical information contained herein was obtained from the books and records of the Village, or from information supplied by officials of the Village.

Dated at Chinook this 24th day of January 1938,

Signed R. B. Langley
Chinook



Chinook Beauty Shoppe

Marcel	50 cts
Reset	25 cts
Finger wave	25 cts
" [dried]	35 cts
Shampoo	25 cts

Mrs. W. Gallagher Prop.

See E. Robinson

For
DRAYING

Or

TRUCKING
Any Kind
Satisfaction
Guaranteed

RESTAURANT

and
ROOMS

Meals at all hours

All Kinds of Meat
For Sale

All Kinds Tobacco
and Cigarettes

Confectionary and
Soft Drinks

MAH BROS.